Name:	Date:
Торіс:	Class:

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples		
Standard Form	Standard Form of a Quadratic Equation:		
Graph	When graphed, a quadratic equation creates a U-shaped curve called a		
types of Parabolas	Use your graphing calculator to sketch the following: $y = x^2 + 2x - 5$ $y = -x^2 + 3x + 7$ $\downarrow$		
Axis of Symmetry	Formula for the axis of symmetry:		
VERTEX	<ul> <li>When the vertex is the <u>lowest point</u>, it is called a</li> <li>When the vertex is the <u>highest point</u>, it is called a</li> </ul>		
<b>Examples</b> <b>1.</b> $y = x^2 + 8x + 15$	Find the axis of symmetry and vertex, then sketch each parabola.         Axis of Symmetry:       Vertex:         Sketch:		
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<b>2.</b> $y = -x^2 + 10x - 23$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>3.</b> $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 5$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>4.</b> $y = 4x^2 + 8x - 1$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>5.</b> $y = -x^2 - 4x - 2$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>6.</b> $y = -3x^2 - 24x - 42$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>7.</b> $y = -x^2 + 4x$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>8.</b> $y = x^2 - 3$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
<b>9.</b> $y = -2x^2 + 8$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:	Sketch:	
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Name:	Unit 8: Quadratic Equations			
Date:	Bell: Homework 1: Introduction to Quadratics			
	** This is a 2-page	e document! **		
Directions: Complete the follow	wing statements.			
1. The standard form of a quad	ratic equation is			
2. The curve formed by a quad	ratic equation is called	a		
<b>3.</b> The formula for the axis of s	ymmetry is	·		
<b>4.</b> If the vertex is the highest po	oint on the graph, it is	called a	·	
5. If a vertex is the lowest poin	t on a graph, it is calle	d a		
<b>Directions:</b> Find the axis of synthesis the parabola and label all parts.	mmetry and vertex for	the following quadratic eq	quations. Then, sk	ketch
<b>6.</b> $y = x^2 + 6x + 4$	Axis o	f Symmetry:	Vertex:	
	Sketcl	1:		
<b>7.</b> $y = -2x^2 + 8x - 5$	Axis of	Symmetry:	Vertex:	
	Sketch	:		
<b>8.</b> $y = x^2 - 2x$	Axis of	f Symmetry:	_ Vertex:	
	Sketch	:		
<b>9.</b> $y = -x^2 - 8x - 9$	Axis of	Symmetry:	Vertex:	
	Sketch	:		
				_

<b>10.</b> $y = -5x^2 - 20x - 26$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	
<b>11.</b> $y = x^2 - 4$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	
<b>12.</b> $y = -x^2 + 2x - 4$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	
<b>13.</b> $y = -3x^2$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	
<b>14.</b> $y = 2x^2 - 12x + 10$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	
<b>15.</b> $y = x^2 + 10x + 24$	Axis of Symmetry:	Vertex:
	Sketch:	